By: Representatives Gunn, Arnold, Bounds, To: Judiciary B Carpenter, Gipson, Shirley, Boyd, Eubanks

## HOUSE BILL NO. 1523 (As Sent to Governor)

- AN ACT TO CREATE THE "PROTECTING FREEDOM OF CONSCIENCE FROM GOVERNMENT DISCRIMINATION ACT"; TO PROVIDE CERTAIN PROTECTIONS REGARDING A SINCERELY HELD RELIGIOUS BELIEF OR MORAL CONVICTION FOR PERSONS, RELIGIOUS ORGANIZATIONS AND PRIVATE ASSOCIATIONS; TO 5 DEFINE A DISCRIMINATORY ACTION FOR PURPOSES OF THIS ACT; TO 6 PROVIDE THAT A PERSON MAY ASSERT A VIOLATION OF THIS ACT AS A 7 CLAIM AGAINST THE GOVERNMENT; TO PROVIDE CERTAIN REMEDIES; TO REQUIRE A PERSON BRINGING A CLAIM UNDER THIS ACT TO DO SO NOT 8 9 LATER THAN TWO YEARS AFTER THE DISCRIMINATORY ACTION WAS TAKEN; TO 10 PROVIDE CERTAIN DEFINITIONS; AND FOR RELATED PURPOSES. 11 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MISSISSIPPI: 12 SECTION 1. This act shall be known and may be cited as the 13 "Protecting Freedom of Conscience from Government Discrimination Act." 14 15 **SECTION 2.** The sincerely held religious beliefs or moral 16 convictions protected by this act are the belief or conviction 17 that:
- 20 (b) Sexual relations are properly reserved to such a

(a) Marriage is or should be recognized as the union of

21 marriage; and

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one man and one woman;

22	(c) Male (man) or female (woman) refer to an
23	individual's immutable biological sex as objectively determined by
24	anatomy and genetics at time of birth.
25	<b>SECTION 3.</b> (1) The state government shall not take any
26	discriminatory action against a religious organization wholly or
27	partially on the basis that such organization:
28	(a) Solemnizes or declines to solemnize any marriage,
29	or provides or declines to provide services, accommodations,
30	facilities, goods or privileges for a purpose related to the
31	solemnization, formation, celebration or recognition of any
32	marriage, based upon or in a manner consistent with a sincerely
33	held religious belief or moral conviction described in Section $\underline{\underline{2}}$
34	of this act;
35	(b) Makes any employment-related decision including,
36	but not limited to, the decision whether or not to hire, terminate
37	or discipline an individual whose conduct or religious beliefs are
38	inconsistent with those of the religious organization, based upon
39	or in a manner consistent with a sincerely held religious belief
40	or moral conviction described in Section $\underline{2}$ of this act; or
41	(c) Makes any decision concerning the sale, rental,
42	occupancy of, or terms and conditions of occupying a dwelling or
43	other housing under its control, based upon or in a manner
44	consistent with a sincerely held religious belief or moral

conviction described in Section 2 of this act.

46	(2) The state government shall not take any discriminatory
47	action against a religious organization that advertises, provides
48	or facilitates adoption or foster care, wholly or partially on the
49	basis that such organization has provided or declined to provide
50	any adoption or foster care service, or related service, based
51	upon or in a manner consistent with a sincerely held religious
52	belief or moral conviction described in Section $2$ of this act.

- (3) The state government shall not take any discriminatory action against a person who the state grants custody of a foster or adoptive child, or who seeks from the state custody of a foster or adoptive child, wholly or partially on the basis that the person guides, instructs or raises a child, or intends to guide, instruct, or raise a child based upon or in a manner consistent with a sincerely held religious belief or moral conviction described in Section  $\underline{2}$  of this act.
- (4) The state government shall not take any discriminatory action against a person wholly or partially on the basis that the person declines to participate in the provision of treatments, counseling, or surgeries related to sex reassignment or gender identity transitioning or declines to participate in the provision of psychological, counseling, or fertility services based upon a sincerely held religious belief or moral conviction described in Section  $\underline{2}$  of this act. This subsection (4) shall not be construed to allow any person to deny visitation, recognition of a

designated representative for health care decision-making, or

- 71 emergency medical treatment necessary to cure an illness or injury
- 72 as required by law.
- 73 (5) The state government shall not take any discriminatory
- 74 action against a person wholly or partially on the basis that the
- 75 person has provided or declined to provide the following services,
- 76 accommodations, facilities, goods, or privileges for a purpose
- 77 related to the solemnization, formation, celebration, or
- 78 recognition of any marriage, based upon or in a manner consistent
- 79 with a sincerely held religious belief or moral conviction
- 80 described in Section 2 of this act:
- 81 (a) Photography, poetry, videography, disc-jockey
- 82 services, wedding planning, printing, publishing or similar
- 83 marriage-related goods or services; or
- 84 (b) Floral arrangements, dress making, cake or pastry
- 85 artistry, assembly-hall or other wedding-venue rentals, limousine
- 86 or other car-service rentals, jewelry sales and services, or
- 87 similar marriage-related services, accommodations, facilities or
- 88 goods.
- 89 (6) The state government shall not take any discriminatory
- 90 action against a person wholly or partially on the basis that the
- 91 person establishes sex-specific standards or policies concerning
- 92 employee or student dress or grooming, or concerning access to
- 93 restrooms, spas, baths, showers, dressing rooms, locker rooms, or
- 94 other intimate facilities or settings, based upon or in a manner

95	consistent	with a	sincerely	held	religious	belief	or	moral
96	conviction	describ	oed in Sect	tion 2	of this a	act.		

- 97 (7) The state government shall not take any discriminatory
  98 action against a state employee wholly or partially on the basis
  99 that such employee lawfully speaks or engages in expressive
  100 conduct based upon or in a manner consistent with a sincerely held
  101 religious belief or moral conviction described in Section 2 of
  102 this act, so long as:
- (a) If the employee's speech or expressive conduct

  occurs in the workplace, that speech or expressive conduct is

  consistent with the time, place, manner and frequency of any other

  expression of a religious, political, or moral belief or

  conviction allowed; or
- (b) If the employee's speech or expressive conduct

  occurs outside the workplace, that speech or expressive conduct is

  in the employee's personal capacity and outside the course of

  performing work duties.
  - (8) (a) Any person employed or acting on behalf of the state government who has authority to authorize or license marriages, including, but not limited to, clerks, registers of deeds or their deputies, may seek recusal from authorizing or licensing lawful marriages based upon or in a manner consistent with a sincerely held religious belief or moral conviction described in Section 2 of this act. Any person making such recusal shall provide prior written notice to the State Registrar

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of Vital Records who shall keep a record of such recusal, and the state government shall not take any discriminatory action against that person wholly or partially on the basis of such recusal. The person who is recusing himself or herself shall take all necessary steps to ensure that the authorization and licensing of any legally valid marriage is not impeded or delayed as a result of

127 Any person employed or acting on behalf of the 128 state government who has authority to perform or solemnize marriages, including, but not limited to, judges, magistrates, 129 130 justices of the peace or their deputies, may seek recusal from performing or solemnizing lawful marriages based upon or in a 131 132 manner consistent with a sincerely held religious belief or moral 133 conviction described in Section 2 of this act. Any person making 134 such recusal shall provide prior written notice to the 135 Administrative Office of Courts, and the state government shall 136 not take any discriminatory action against that person wholly or partially on the basis of such recusal. The Administrative Office 137 138 of Courts shall take all necessary steps to ensure that the 139 performance or solemnization of any legally valid marriage is not 140 impeded or delayed as a result of any recusal.

- 141 <u>SECTION 4.</u> (1) As used in this act, discriminatory action 142 includes any action taken by the state government to:
- 143 (a) Alter in any way the tax treatment of, or cause any tax, penalty, or payment to be assessed against, or deny, delay,

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any recusal.

145	revoke,	or	otherwise	make	unavailable	an	exemption	from	taxation

- 146 of any person referred to in Section 3 of this act;
- 147 (b) Disallow, deny or otherwise make unavailable a
- 148 deduction for state tax purposes of any charitable contribution
- 149 made to or by such person;
- 150 (c) Withhold, reduce, exclude, terminate, materially
- 151 alter the terms or conditions of, or otherwise make unavailable or
- 152 deny any state grant, contract, subcontract, cooperative
- 153 agreement, guarantee, loan, scholarship, or other similar benefit
- 154 from or to such person;
- (d) Withhold, reduce, exclude, terminate, materially
- 156 alter the terms or conditions of, or otherwise make unavailable or
- 157 deny any entitlement or benefit under a state benefit program from
- 158 or to such person;
- 159 (e) Impose, levy or assess a monetary fine, fee,
- 160 penalty or injunction;
- (f) Withhold, reduce, exclude, terminate, materially
- 162 alter the terms or conditions of, or otherwise make unavailable or
- 163 deny any license, certification, accreditation, custody award or
- 164 agreement, diploma, grade, recognition, or other similar benefit,
- 165 position, or status from or to any person; or
- 166 (q) Refuse to hire or promote, force to resign, fire,
- 167 demote, sanction, discipline, materially alter the terms or
- 168 conditions of employment, or retaliate or take other adverse

- employment action against a person employed or commissioned by the state government.
- 171 (2) The state government shall consider accredited, licensed
- 172 or certified any person that would otherwise be accredited,
- 173 licensed or certified, respectively, for any purposes under state
- 174 law but for a determination against such person wholly or
- 175 partially on the basis that the person believes, speaks or acts in
- 176 accordance with a sincerely held religious belief or moral
- 177 conviction described in Section 2 of this act.
- 178 **SECTION 5.** (1) A person may assert a violation of this act
- 179 as a claim against the state government in any judicial or
- 180 administrative proceeding or as defense in any judicial or
- 181 administrative proceeding without regard to whether the proceeding
- 182 is brought by or in the name of the state government, any private
- 183 person or any other party.
- 184 (2) An action under this act may be commenced, and relief
- 185 may be granted, in a court of the state without regard to whether
- 186 the person commencing the action has sought or exhausted available
- 187 administrative remedies.
- 188 (3) Violations of this act which are properly governed by
- 189 Chapter 46, Title 11, Mississippi Code of 1972, shall be brought
- 190 in accordance with that chapter.
- 191 **SECTION 6.** An aggrieved person must first seek injunctive
- 192 relief to prevent or remedy a violation of this act or the effects
- 193 of a violation of this act. If injunctive relief is granted by

194	the	court	and	the	ini	unction	is	thereafter	violated,	then	and	onl	_ V

- 195 then may the aggrieved party, subject to the limitations of
- 196 liability set forth in Section 11-46-15, seek the following:
- 197 (a) Compensatory damages for pecuniary and nonpecuniary
- 198 losses;
- 199 (b) Reasonable attorneys' fees and costs; and
- 200 (c) Any other appropriate relief, except that only
- 201 declaratory relief and injunctive relief shall be available
- 202 against a private person not acting under color of state law upon
- 203 a successful assertion of a claim or defense under this act.
- 204 **SECTION 7.** A person must bring an action to assert a claim
- 205 under this act not later than two (2) years after the date that
- 206 the person knew or should have known that a discriminatory action
- 207 was taken against that person.
- 208 **SECTION 8.** (1) This act shall be construed in favor of a
- 209 broad protection of free exercise of religious beliefs and moral
- 210 convictions, to the maximum extent permitted by the state and
- 211 federal constitutions.
- 212 (2) The protection of free exercise of religious beliefs and
- 213 moral convictions afforded by this act are in addition to the
- 214 protections provided under federal law, state law, and the state
- 215 and federal constitutions. Nothing in this act shall be construed
- 216 to preempt or repeal any state or local law that is equally or
- 217 more protective of free exercise of religious beliefs or moral
- 218 convictions. Nothing in this act shall be construed to narrow the

- meaning or application of any state or local law protecting free exercise of religious beliefs or moral convictions. Nothing in this act shall be construed to prevent the state government from providing, either directly or through an individual or entity not seeking protection under this act, any benefit or service authorized under state law.
- 225 This act applies to, and in cases of conflict 226 supersedes, each statute of the state that impinges upon the free 227 exercise of religious beliefs and moral convictions protected by 228 this act, unless a conflicting statute is expressly made exempt from the application of this act. This act also applies to, and 229 230 in cases of conflict supersedes, any ordinance, rule, regulation, 231 order, opinion, decision, practice or other exercise of the state 232 government's authority that impinges upon the free exercise of 233 religious beliefs or moral convictions protected by this act.
- 234 **SECTION 9.** As used in Sections 1 through 9 of this act, the 235 following words and phrases shall have the meanings ascribed in 236 this section unless the context clearly indicates otherwise:
- 237 (1) "State benefit program" means any program administered 238 or funded by the state, or by any agent on behalf of the state, 239 providing cash, payments, grants, contracts, loans or in-kind 240 assistance.
- 241 (2) "State government" means:
- 242 (a) The State of Mississippi or a political subdivision 243 of the state;

244	(b)	Any	agency	of	the	state	or	of	а	political

- 245 subdivision of the state, including a department, bureau, board,
- 246 commission, council, court or public institution of higher
- 247 education;
- 248 (c) Any person acting under color of state law; and
- 249 (d) Any private party or third party suing under or
- 250 enforcing a law, ordinance, rule or regulation of the state or
- 251 political subdivision of the state.
- 252 (3) "Person" means:
- 253 (a) A natural person, in his or her individual
- 254 capacity, regardless of religious affiliation or lack thereof, or
- 255 in his or her capacity as a member, officer, owner, volunteer,
- 256 employee, manager, religious leader, clergy or minister of any
- 257 entity described in this section;
- 258 (b) A religious organization;
- 259 (c) A sole proprietorship, or closely held company,
- 260 partnership, association, organization, firm, corporation,
- 261 cooperative, trust, society or other closely held entity operating
- 262 with a sincerely held religious belief or moral conviction
- 263 described in this act; or
- 264 (d) Cooperatives, ventures or enterprises comprised of
- 265 two (2) or more individuals or entities described in this
- 266 subsection.
- 267 (4) "Religious organization" means:

268	(a) A house of worship, including, but not limited to,
269	churches, synagogues, shrines, mosques and temples;
270	(b) A religious group, corporation, association, school
271	or educational institution, ministry, order, society or similar
272	entity, regardless of whether it is integrated or affiliated with
273	a church or other house of worship; and
274	(c) An officer, owner, employee, manager, religious
275	leader, clergy or minister of an entity or organization described
276	in this subsection (4).
277	(5) "Adoption or foster care" or "adoption or foster care
278	service" means social services provided to or on behalf of
279	children, including:
280	(a) Assisting abused or neglected children;
281	(b) Teaching children and parents occupational,
282	homemaking and other domestic skills;
283	(c) Promoting foster parenting;
284	(d) Providing foster homes, residential care, group
285	homes or temporary group shelters for children;
286	(e) Recruiting foster parents;
287	(f) Placing children in foster homes;
288	(g) Licensing foster homes;
289	(h) Promoting adoption or recruiting adoptive parents;
290	(i) Assisting adoptions or supporting adoptive

(j) Performing or assisting home studies;

families;

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293	(k) Assisting kinship guardianships or kinship
294	caregivers;
295	(1) Providing family preservation services;
296	(m) Providing family support services; and
297	(n) Providing temporary family reunification services.
298	<b>SECTION 10.</b> The provisions of Sections 1 through $\underline{9}$ of this
299	act shall be excluded from the application of Section 11-61-1.
300	<b>SECTION</b> $\underline{\underline{11}}$ . This act shall take effect and be in force from
301	and after July 1, 2016.